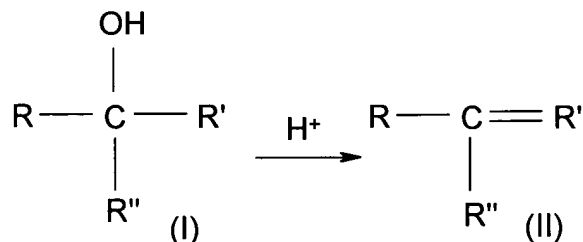


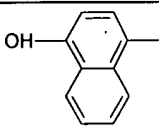
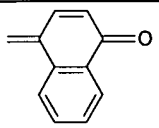
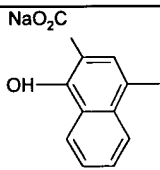
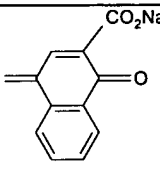
Amendments to the Specification

Please replace the formula and table on p. 5, l. 18 as follows:

Michler's hydrol (MH) and related indicating agents, which are also suitable for use as indicating agents for the present invention, can be represented by the following general formula (I) or (II):



where,

Indicating Agent	R	R'	R''	Indicating Agent for
Michler's Hydrol (MH)	$\text{H}(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{NC}_6\text{H}_5^-$	$(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{NC}_6\text{H}_5^-$	$(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{NC}_6\text{H}_5\text{H}$	Ammonia, Amines, Diamines and Polyamines
Pararosaniline (PAB)	$(\text{NH}_2)\text{C}_6\text{H}_5^-$	$(\text{NH}_2)\text{C}_6\text{H}_5^-$	$(\text{NH}_2)\text{C}_6\text{H}_5^-$	Ammonia, Amines, Diamines and Polyamines
Alpha-naphtholbenzein (ANB)	C_6H_5^-			Ammonia, Amines, Diamines and Polyamines
Naphthochrome Green (NCG)	C_6H_5^-			Ammonia, Amines, Diamines and Polyamines

Please amend the paragraph beginning on p. 8, l. 15 as follows:

The patient may ingest urea (e.g., source of urea) prior to his or her breath being tested so as to boost the ammonia levels which are detected. After a period of time sufficient to allow HPU, if present, to hydrolyze the urea into ammonia and carbon dioxide, the patient would then blow into the breath testing device. If the patient were infected with HPU, sufficient amounts of ammonia would be present in his or her breath to be detected by the device, and the indicating agent would show a change in color.